

CHRONOLOGY

- 1759.—Capture of Fort Niagara by the English under General Prideaux, who was killed during the assault. July 26, siege of Quebec began. September 13, battle of the Plains of Abraham; death of Wolfe. September 14, death of Montcalm. September 18, surrender of Quebec.
- 1760.—September 8, surrender of Montreal.
- 1763.—February 10, Treaty of Paris signed. Conspiracy of Pontiac.
- 1768.—Sir Guy Carleton (afterwards Lord Dorchester), appointed Governor-General.
- 1774.—Passage of Quebec Act.
- 1775.—May 1, Quebec Act takes effect. American Revolution and invasion of Canada under Montgomery and Arnold. Montreal taken. December 31, attack on Quebec repulsed; death of Montgomery.
- 1776.—Retreat of American forces from Canada.
- 1783.—September 3, Treaty of Versailles, recognizing American Independence and regulating Newfoundland Fisheries. Kingston founded by U.E. Loyalists.
- 1791.—Passage of Constitutional Act by British Parliament; division of Province of Quebec into Upper and Lower Canada.
- 1792.—First legislatures summoned in Upper and Lower Canada. Vancouver Island circumnavigated by Captain George Vancouver.
- 1793.—Act passed forbidding importation of slaves into Upper Canada.
- 1794.—Jay's Treaty between Great Britain and the United States signed.
- 1811.—Foundation of McGill College. Grant of 74,000,000 acres of land from Hudson's Bay Co. to Earl of Selkirk for establishment of Red River Colony.
- 1812.—June 19, war declared against England by United States. August 16, capture of Detroit by General Brock. October 13, battle of Queenston Heights; death of General Brock.
- 1813.—June 24, memorable action of Laura Secord brings about surrender of American troops at Beaver Dam. September 10, battle of Lake Erie. October 26, battle of Chateauguay. November 11, battle of Chrysler's Farm.
- 1814.—July 25, battle of Lundy's Lane. September 11, battle of Lake Champlain. December 24, Treaty of Ghent makes peace between England and United States.
- 1817.—First Treaty with Northwest Indians.
- 1818.—October 30, London Convention regulating North American Fisheries.
- 1820.—Cape Breton re-annexed to Nova Scotia.
- 1821.—Commencement of Lachine Canal.
- 1829.—Foundation of Upper Canada College. First Welland Canal opened.
- 1833.—Crossing from Nova Scotia to England of the *Royal William*, the first vessel to cross the Atlantic entirely by steam.
- 1834.—March 1, Incorporation of Toronto.
- 1837.—Outbreak of Rebellion in Upper and Lower Canada.
- 1838.—May 29, Lord Durham arrives at Quebec.
- 1839.—February 11, Report of Lord Durham. October 19, Charles Poulett Thompson (afterwards Lord Sydenham) arrives in Canada.
- 1840.—July 23, passage of Act of Union. July 28, death of Lord Durham.
- 1841.—February 10, Union of Upper and Lower Canada. June 13, the first joint parliament meets at Kingston. September 3, adoption of Baldwin's resolutions respecting responsible government. Population of Upper Canada 455,688; of Lower Canada (1844), 697,084. September 19, death of Lord Sydenham.
- 1842.—August 9.—Ashburton Treaty.
- 1843.—Foundation of Victoria, British Columbia.